

Modern Core Perl

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What We Will Cover

- Recent Perl releases
- 5.10
- 5.12
- 5.14
- 5.16



Perl Releases

- Perl 5 has moved to a regular release cycle
- Major release every year
 - In Spring
- Minor releases when required



Perl Version Numbers

- Even major numbers are production releases
 - 5.10, 5.12, 5.14
- Odd major numbers are dev releases
 - 5.9, 5.11, 5.13



Perl Support

- p5p provide support for current and previous major releases
 - Currently 5.12 and 5.14
- Further support may be available from distributors



Recent Perl Releases

- 5.10.0 – 2007 Dec 18
- 5.10.1 – 2009 Aug 22
- 5.12.0 – 2010 Apr 12
- 5.12.1 – 2010 May 16
- 5.12.2 – 2010 Sep 6
- 5.12.3 – 2011 Jan 21



Recent Perl Releases

- 5.14.0 – 2011 May 14
- 5.14.1 – 2011 Jun 16
- 5.12.4 – 2011 Jun 20
- 5.14.2 – 2011 Sep 26



Perl 5.10

- Released 18th Dec 2007
 - Perl's 20th birthday
- Many new features
- Well worth upgrading



New Features

- Defined-or operator
- Switch operator
- Smart matching
- say()
- Lexical \$_



New Features

- State variables
- Stacked file tests
- Regex improvements
- Many more



Defined Or

- Boolean expressions “short-circuit”
- `$val = $val || $default;`
- `$val ||= $default;`
- What if 0 is a valid value?



Defined Or

- Need to check “definedness”
- `$val = defined $val`
 `? $val : $default;`
- `$val = $default`
 unless defined `$val;`



Defined Or

- The defined or operator makes this easier
- `$val = $val // $default;`
- A different slant on truth
- Checks definedness
- Shortcircuit version too
- `$val // = $value;`



Switch Statement

- Switch.pm was added with Perl 5.8
- Source filter
- Parser limitations
 - Regular expressions
 - eval
- 5.10 introduces a build-in switch statement



Given ... When

- Switch is spelled “given”
- Case is spelled “when”
- Powerful matching syntax



Given Example

- ```
given ($foo) {
 when (/^abc/) { $abc = 1; }
 when (/^def/) { $def = 1; }
 when (/^xyz/) { $xyz = 1; }
 default { $nothing = 1; }
}
```





# New Keywords

- Four new keywords
  - given
  - when
  - default
  - continue



# given

- `given(EXPR)`
- Assigns the result of `EXPR` to `$_` within the following block
- Similar to `do { my $_ = EXPR; ... }`



# when

- `when (EXPR)`
- Uses smart matching to compare `$_` with `EXPR`
- Equivalent to `when ($_ ~~ EXPR)`
- `~~` is the new smart match operator
- Compares two values and “does the right thing”



# default

- default defines a block that is executed if no when blocks match
- default block is optional



# continue

- continue keyword falls through to the next when block
- Normal behaviour is to break out of given block once the first when condition is matched
- Inverse of most other programming languages



# continue

- ```
given($foo) {  
  when (/x/) { say '$foo contains an x';  
              continue }  
  when (/y/) { say '$foo contains a y' }  
  default { say '$foo contains no x or y' }  
}
```



Smart Matching

- `~~` is the new Smart Match operator
- Different kinds of matches
- Dependent on the types of the operands
- See “perldoc perlsyn” for the full details
- Warning: Still under discussion



Smart Match Examples

- `$foo == $bar; # == or cmp`
- `@foo =~ $bar; # array contains value`
- `%foo =~ $bar; # hash key exists`
- `$foo =~ qr{$bar}; # regex match`
- `@foo =~ @bar; # arrays are identical`
- `%foo =~ %bar; # hash keys match`
- Many more alternatives



say()

- say() is a new alternative to print()
- Adds a new line at the end of each call
- `say($foo); # print $foo, "\n";`
- Two characters shorter than print
- Less typing



Lexical \$_

- \$_ is a package variable
- Always exists in main package
- Can lead to subtle bugs when not localised correctly
- Can now use my \$_ to create a lexically scoped variable called \$_



State Variables

- Lexical variables disappear when their scope is destroyed

- `sub variables {
 my $x;`

- `say ++$x;
}`

- `variables() for 1 .. 3;`



State Variables

- State variables retain their value when their scope is destroyed

```
• sub variables {  
    state $x;  
  
    say ++$x;  
}
```

```
variables() for 1 .. 3;
```



State Variables

- Like static variables in C
- Deprecating bugs
 - `my $x if 0;`



Stacked File Tests

- People often think you can do this
- `-f -w -x $file`
- Previously you couldn't
- Now you can
- Equivalent to
- `-x $file && -w _ && -f _`



Regex Improvements

- Plenty of regular expression improvements
- Named capture buffers
- Possessive quantifiers
- Relative backreferences
- New escape sequences
- Many more



Named Capture Buffers

- Variables \$1, \$2, etc change if the regex is altered
- Named captures retain their names
- (?<name> . . .) to define
- Use new %+ hash to access them



Named Capture Example

- ```
while (<DATA>) {
 if (/(?<header>[\w\s]+)
 :\s+(?<value>.+)/x) {
 print "$+{header} -> ";
 print "$+{value}\n";
 }
}
```

# Possessive Quantifiers

- `?+`, `*+`, `++`
- Grab as much as they can
- Never give it back
- Finer control over backtracking
- `'aaaa' =~ /a++a/`
- Never matches



# Relative Backreferences

- `\g{N}`
- More powerful version of `\1`, `\2`, etc
- `\g{1}` is the same as `\1`
- `\g{-1}` is the last capture buffer
- `\g{-2}` is the one before that



# New Escape Sequences

- `\h` – Horizontal white space
- `\v` – Vertical white space
- Also `\H` and `\V`



# Accessing New Features

- Some new features would break backwards compatibility
- They are therefore turned off by default
- Various ways to turn them on



# Feature Pragma

- Turn new features on with the feature pragma
- use feature 'say';
- use feature 'switch';
- use feature 'state';
- use feature ':5.10';



# Implicit Loading

- Two ways to automatically turn on 5.10 features
- Require a high enough version of Perl
- `use 5.10.0; # Or higher`
- `-E` command line option
- `perl -e 'say "hello"'`
- `perl -E 'say "hello"'`



# Perl 5.12

- Released 12 April 2010
  - 5.12.4 20 June 2011
- Many new enhancements





# 5.12 Enhancements

- package NAME VERSION syntax
- ... operator
- Implicit strictures
- Y2038 compliance



# 5.12 Enhancements

- Smart match changes
- New modules
  - autodie
  - parent



# package NAME VER

- Declare the version of a package in the package declaration
- `package My::Package 1.23;`
- Equivalent to
- `package My::Package;  
our $VERSION = 1.23;`



# ... Operator

- Called the “yada-yada” operator
- Used to stand in for unwritten code
- ```
sub unimplemented {  
    ...  
}
```
- Code compiles
- Throws an “unimplemented” exception when run



Implicit Strictures

- Requiring a version of Perl greater than 5.11 implicitly turns on use strict
- `use 5.12.0;`
- Is equivalent to
- `use strict;`
`use feature ':5.12';`



Y2038 Compliance

- Core time functions are now Y2038 compliant



Smart Match Changes

- Some changes to Smart Match operator
- No longer commutative
- See new table in perlsyn
- Still in flux!



New Modules

- Some new modules in the standard distribution
- autodie
- parent
 - Better version of base.



Perl 5.14

- Released 14 May 2011
 - 5.14.2 26 Sept 2011
- Many new enhancements



5.14 Enhancements

- Non-destructive substitution
- Container functions accept references
- Package block
- New modules



Non-destructive substitution

- New /r option on s/// and tr///
- Copies input
- Acts on copy
- Original unmodified
- `$_ = 'cat';`
`$new = s/cat/dog/r'; # $_ remains 'cat'`



Container functions accept references

- Array & hash functions used to require arrays or hashes
 - `push @array, $value`
 - `@keys = keys %hash`
- Even if you have a reference
 - `push @$arrayref, $value`
 - `@keys = keys %$hashref`



Container functions accept references

- Array & hash functions now accept references
 - `push $array_ref, $value`
 - `@keys = keys $hash_ref`
- Currently experimental



Package block

- Attach a code block to a package declaration
- `package MyPackage { ... }`
- Equivalent to
- `{ package MyPackage; ... }`
- Can also declare a version
- `package MyPackage 1.23 { ... }`

New Modules

- Many modules for parsing META files
- CPAN::Meta::YAML & JSON::PP
- CPAN::Meta
- CPAN::Meta::Spec & CPAN::Meta::History
- Module::Metadata



New Modules

- Other new modules
- HTTP::Tiny
- Perl::OSType
- Version::Requirements



Perl 5.16

- Due in spring 2012
- Currently in development at 5.15
 - 5.15.3 – 2011 Sep 21
 - Code freeze – 2011 Dec 20



Perl 5.16

- Look for changes in perldelta
 - perl5150delta
 - perl5151delta
 - perl5152delta
 - perl5153delta



Some Highlights

- CORE on all keywords
- Continue outside switch
- Breakpoints with filenames
- Remove Perl 4 *.pl



More Information

- perldoc perl5100delta
- perldoc perl5120delta
- perldoc perl5140delta



That's all folks

- Any questions?

